

**Product Name**      **OSMOSE PROTIM LOSP H2 RFU (LCWR TRUSSGUARD[P] WOOD PRESERVATIVE)**

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Supplier Name**      **OSMOSE (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD**  
**Address**              Cafpirco Road, Mount Gambier, SA, AUSTRALIA, 5290  
**Telephone**          (08) 8723 1399  
**Fax**                      (08) 8732 0010  
**Emergency**         1800 088 809  
**Email**                  customerservices@osmose.com.au  
**Web Site**              <http://www.osmose.com.au/>

**Synonym(s)**         LOSP H2 RFU • OSMOSE PROTIM - LOSP H2 (LCWR [P]) WOOD PRESERVATIVE • OSMOSE PROTIM - LOSP H2 WOOD PRESERVATIVE

**Use(s)**                 TIMBER PRESERVATIVE

**SDS Date**             14 Sep 2011

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA**

**RISK PHRASES**

R10                      Flammable.  
R65                      Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

**SAFETY PHRASES**

S45                      In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).  
S53                      Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

**CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE**

**UN No.**                 1306                      **DG Class**                 3                      **Subsidiary Risk(s)**    None Allocated  
**Packing Group**      III                          **Hazchem Code**        •3Y

### 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDRODESULPHURISED, HEAVY	Not Available	64742-82-1	>90%
PERMETHRIN	C21-H20-Cl2-O3	52645-53-1	<2%

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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>Eye</b>	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
<b>Skin</b>	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
<b>Ingestion</b>	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
<b>Advice to Doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically.

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#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Flammability</b>	Flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights etc. when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.
<b>Fire and Explosion</b>	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
<b>Extinguishing</b>	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	•3Y

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#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Spillage</b>	Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
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#### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

<b>Storage</b>	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems.
<b>Handling</b>	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

<b>Exposure Stds</b>	No exposure standard(s) allocated.
<b>Biological Limits</b>	No biological limit allocated.
<b>Engineering Controls</b>	Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.
<b>PPE</b>	Wear splash-proof goggles, nitrile or viton (R) gloves and coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



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#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance</b>	LIGHT YELLOW LIQUID	<b>Solubility (water)</b>	INSOLUBLE
<b>Odour</b>	SLIGHT SOLVENT ODOUR	<b>Specific Gravity</b>	0.8

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<b>pH</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>% Volatiles</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>Flammability</b>	FLAMMABLE
<b>Vapour Density</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>Flash Point</b>	> 36°C
<b>Boiling Point</b>	152°C to 198°C	<b>Upper Explosion Limit</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Melting Point</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>Lower Explosion Limit</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	NOT AVAILABLE		
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Partition Coefficient</b>	NOT AVAILABLE	<b>Viscosity</b>	NOT AVAILABLE

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>Chemical Stability</b>	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
<b>Material to Avoid</b>	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), heat and ignition sources.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	Polymerization is not expected to occur.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Health Hazard Summary</b>	Moderate toxicity - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Chronic exposure to some solvents may result in central nervous system (CNS), liver and kidney damage.
<b>Eye</b>	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and conjunctivitis. May result in burns with prolonged contact.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and headache. High level exposure may result in nausea, dizziness and drowsiness.
<b>Skin</b>	Irritant. Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis. May be absorbed through skin with harmful effects.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Moderate toxicity. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and drowsiness. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.
<b>Toxicity Data</b>	PERMETHRIN (52645-53-1) LC50 (Inhalation): 485 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat) LD50 (Ingestion): 383 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 429 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 31 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Skin): 1750 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Subcutaneous): 6600 mg/kg (rat)

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Environment</b>	Aliphatic hydrocarbons behave differently in the environment depending on their size. WATER: Light aliphatics volatilise rapidly from water (half life - few hours). Bioconcentration should not be significant. SOIL: Light aliphatics biodegrade quickly in soil and water, heavy aliphatics biodegrade very slowly. ATMOSPHERE: Vapour-phase aliphatics will degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals.
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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	For small amounts absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information if larger amounts are involved. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.
<b>Legislation</b>	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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<b>Shipping Name</b>	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID				
<b>UN No.</b>	1306	<b>DG Class</b>	3	<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	None Allocated
<b>Packing Group</b>	III	<b>Hazchem Code</b>	*3Y	<b>GTEPG</b>	3A1
<b>IATA</b>					
<b>Shipping Name</b>	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID				
<b>UN No.</b>	1306	<b>DG Class</b>	3	<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	None Allocated
<b>Packing Group</b>	III				
<b>IMDG</b>					
<b>Shipping Name</b>	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID				
<b>UN No.</b>	1306	<b>DG Class</b>	3	<b>Subsidiary Risk(s)</b>	None Allocated
<b>Packing Group</b>	III				

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

<b>Poison Schedule</b>	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
<b>AICS</b>	All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Additional Information** 94/69/EC (21st ATP). The benzene content of this product is less than 0.1%. Nota P applies. Classification and labelling as carcinogen (R45) and mutagen (R46) is not required.

**WORK PRACTICES - SOLVENTS:** Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

**WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES:** Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, **ENGINEERING CONTROLS** are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

**ABBREVIATIONS:**

- ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.
- ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.
- BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).
- CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.
- CNS - Central Nervous System.
- EC No - European Community Number.
- HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.
- mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Milligrams per Cubic Metre.
- NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.
- pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
- ppm - Parts Per Million.
- RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.
- STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.
- SWA - Safe Work Australia.
- TWA - Time Weighted Average.

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**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:**

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this ChemAlert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**Report Status**      This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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**End of Report**